

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1-6. (Canceled)

7. (Currently Amended) A method of degrading filter cake in a subterranean formation comprising the steps of:

combining an acid-releasing degradable material, with the proviso that the acid-releasing degradable material is not polyester, with a solvent or a plasticizer to create a coating solution;

coating the coating solution onto a particulate on-the-fly to create coated particulates;

placing the coated particulates into a subterranean formation so that at least a portion of the coated particulates become incorporated in a ~~they form a~~ pack substantially adjacent to a filter cake;

allowing the acid-releasing degradable material to produce acid; and

allowing the acid to contact and degrade a portion of the filter cake.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the filter cake comprises a filter cake on the walls of a well bore or a filter cake on the walls of a fracture.

9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7 wherein the particulates are coated with from about 0.1% to about 20% acid-releasing degradable material by weight of the particulates.

10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7 wherein acid-releasing degradable material comprises a material that is substantially water insoluble and that degrades over time in an aqueous environment.

11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7 wherein acid-releasing degradable material comprises at least one compound selected from the group consisting of: a poly(orthoester); ~~an aliphatic polyester;~~ a lactide, a poly(lactide); a glycolide; a poly(glycolide); a poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone); a poly(hydroxybutyrate); a substantially water insoluble anhydride; a poly(anhydride); a poly(amino acid); a mixture of one of the above-listed compounds; a copolymer of two or more of the above-listed compounds; and any combination thereof.

12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7 wherein the solvent comprises at least one solvent selected from the group consisting of: acetone; propylene carbonate; di(propylene glycol) methyl ether; di(propylene glycol) propyl ether; di(propylene glycol) butyl ether; di(propylene glycol) methyl ether acetate; isopropyl alcohol; chloroform; dichloromethane; trichloromethane; 1,2-dichlorobenzene; tetrahydrofuran; benzene; acetonitrile; dioxane; dimethylformamide; toluene; ethyl acetate; isoamyl alcohol; N-methylpyrrolidone; xylene; dichloroacetic acid; m-cresol; hexafluoroisopropanol; diphenyl ether; acetonitrile; methanol; ethyl benzene; naphthalene; naphtha; and any combination thereof.

13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7 wherein the plasticizer comprises at least one plasticizer selected from the group consisting of: polyethylene glycol; polyethylene oxide; oligomeric lactic acid; a citrate ester; a glucose monoester; a partially fatty acid ester; PEG monolaurate; triacetin; poly(e-caprolactone); poly(hydroxybutyrate); glycerin-1-benzoate-2,3-dilaurate; glycerin-2-benzoate-1,3-dilaurate; a starch; bis(butyl diethylene glycol)adipate; ethylphthalylethyl glycolate; glycerine diacetate monocaprylate; diacetyl monoacyl glycerol; polypropylene glycol; poly(propylene glycol) dibenzoate, dipropylene glycol dibenzoate; glycerol; ethyl phthalyl ethyl glycolate; poly(ethylene adipate)distearate; di-iso-butyl adipate; and any combination thereof.

14. (Currently Amended) A method of using a portion of a gravel pack to degrade a portion of a filter cake comprising the steps of:

combining an acid-releasing degradable material, with the proviso that the acid-releasing degradable material is not polyester, with a solvent or a plasticizer to create a coating solution;

coating the coating solution onto gravel on-the-fly to create coated gravel;

introducing the coated gravel to a well bore having a filter cake so that at least a portion of the coated gravel forms is incorporated in a gravel pack substantially adjacent to the filter cake;

allowing the acid-releasing degradable material to produce acid; and,

allowing the acid to contact and degrade a portion of the filter cake.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the gravel pack compositions comprises from about 0.1% to about 20% acid-releasing degradable material by weight of the gravel particles.

16. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the acid-releasing degradable material comprises a material that is substantially water insoluble such that it degrades over time.

17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14 wherein the acid-releasing degradable material comprises at least one acid-releasing degradable material selected from the group consisting of: a poly(orthoester); ~~an aliphatic polyester~~; a lactide, a poly(lactide); a glycolide; a poly(glycolide); a poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone); a poly(hydroxybutyrate); a substantially water insoluble anhydride; a poly(anhydride); a poly(amino acid); a mixture of one of the above-listed compounds; a copolymer of two or more of the above-listed compounds, and any combination thereof.

18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 14 wherein the solvent comprises at least one solvent selected from the group consisting of: acetone; propylene carbonate; di(propylene glycol) methyl ether; di(propylene glycol) propyl ether; di(propylene glycol) butyl ether; di(propylene glycol) methyl ether acetate; isopropyl alcohol; chloroform; dichloromethane; trichloromethane; 1,2-dichlorobenzene; tetrahydrofuran; benzene; acetonitrile; dioxane; dimethylformamide; toluene; ethyl acetate; isoamyl alcohol; N-methylpyrrolidone; xylene; dichloroacetic acid; m-cresol; hexafluoroisopropanol; diphenyl ether; acetonitrile; methanol; ethyl benzene; naphthalene; naphtha; and any combination thereof.

19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 14 wherein the plasticizer comprises at least one plasticizer selected from the group consisting of: polyethylene glycol; polyethylene oxide; oligomeric lactic acid; a citrate ester; a glucose monoester; a partially fatty acid ester; PEG monolaurate; triacetin; poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone); poly(hydroxybutyrate); glycerin-1-benzoate-2,3-dilaurate; glycerin-2-benzoate-1,3-dilaurate; a starch; bis(butyl diethylene glycol)adipate; ethylphthalylethyl glycolate; glycerine diacetate monocaprylate; diacetyl monoacyl glycerol; polypropylene glycol; poly(propylene glycol) dibenzoate, dipropylene glycol dibenzoate; glycerol; ethyl phthalyl ethyl glycolate; poly(ethylene adipate)distearate; di-iso-butyl adipate; or and any combination thereof.

20.-41. (Canceled)